# FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR: JULY 1, 2019 - JUNE 30, 2020

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The Honorable Commissioners
Third Taxing District - City of Norwalk
East Norwalk, Connecticut

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Third Taxing District - City of Norwalk, Connecticut, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the East Norwalk Improvement Association, Inc., (Special Revenue – Library) a blended component unit, which represents 11.5%, 11.6%, and 58.7%, respectively, of the assets, net position, and revenues of Governmental Activities. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Special Revenue Fund, is based solely on the report of the other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

Continued...

#### Auditor's Responsibility - Continued

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Third Taxing District – City of Norwalk, Connecticut as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof, and the respective budgetary comparison for the general fund and the special revenue fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Other Matters

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 6 through 11 and pension plan and other post-employment benefits required supplementary information on pages 57 through 62 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The supplementary combining and individual fund schedules, as listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

Continued...

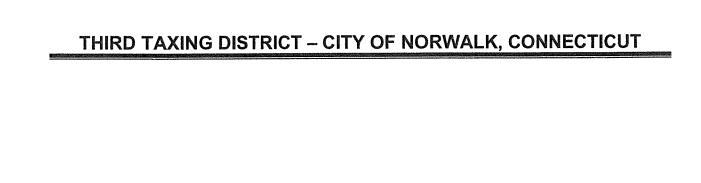
#### Other Information - Continued

The combining and individual fund supplementary schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America by us and other auditors. In our opinion, based on our audit, the procedures performed as described above, and the report of the other auditors, the combining and individual fund schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

HOPE & HERNANDEZ, P.C.

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Bridgeport, Connecticut December 7, 2020



**MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS** 

#### MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

This section of the District's annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the District's financial performance during the fiscal year that ended on June 30, 2020. The discussion and analysis is designed to (a) assist the reader in focusing on significant financial issues, (b) provide an overview of the District's financial activity, (c) identify changes in the District's net position, and (d) identify individual fund issues or concerns.

Since the Management Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is designed to focus on the current year's activities, resulting changes and currently known facts, please read it in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which immediately follow this section.

#### **Using this Annual Report**

The Third Taxing District of the City of Norwalk implemented the reporting requirements outlined in GASB 34 effective July 1, 2003. The financial statements' focus is on both the District as a whole (government-wide) and on the major individual funds. Both perspectives (government-wide and major fund) allow the user to address relevant questions and enhance the District's accountability to the public.

#### **Government-Wide Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements (see pages 12 and 13) are designed to be corporate-like in that all governmental and business-type activities are consolidated into columns which add to a total for the Primary Government. The focus of the Statement of Net Position (the "Unrestricted Net Position") is designed to be similar to bottom line results for the District and its governmental activities. This statement combines and consolidates governmental fund's current financial resources (short-term spendable resources) with capital assets and long-term obligations. The Statement of Activities combines all of the District's revenues and expenses in a single statement.

The two government-wide statements noted above, report the District's net position and how they have changed. Net position (the District's assets plus deferred outflows of resources, less liabilities and deferred inflows of resources), is one way to measure the District's financial health or position and to see the direction in which the District is heading.

- Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position are an indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- While analyzing the overall financial health of the District, one needs to consider additional factors such as changes in the District's proprietary fund (Electric Department) customer base and usage patterns, as well as, the conditions of the District's infrastructure assets.

#### **MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS - Continued**

#### Government-Wide Financial Statements - Continued

In the government-wide financial statements, the District's activities are divided into two categories:

- Governmental activities The governmental activities column consists of the District's general
  fund and special revenue fund (library). Activities for both funds are financed through the
  generation of investment income, rental income, and from an annual transfer from the
  proprietary fund (Electric Department).
- Business-type activities The District's business-type activities consists of an Electric Department that charges fees to its respective customers for electric service.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

Traditional users of governmental financial statements will find the fund financial statement presentation more familiar. The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's funds, focusing on its most significant or "major funds" – not the District as a whole. Funds are accounting devices that the District uses to monitor and report compliance with spending purposes (fund restrictions), spending limits (budget), and other fiscal accountability objectives.

#### The District has three kinds of funds

- Governmental Funds The governmental activities column consists of the District's general fund and special revenue fund (library). Please refer to pages 14 through 17. District general fund activities are financed through the generation of rental income from the firehouse and transfers in from the electric department. Income from the library is primarily rental income. General fund expenditures consist of elected public officials fees, community service projects, annual accounting and professional fees, and meetings and printing expenses for the District. Library expenditures consisted primarily of expenditures for the operations of the library (classified as community service projects).
- Proprietary Funds Services for which the District charges customers a fee are reported in proprietary funds through the District's Electric Department. Please refer to pages 20 through 22.
- Fiduciary Funds Fiduciary funds account for assets received where the District acts in the
  capacity of a trustee. The Pension Trust fund (see pages 23 and 24) accounts for resources
  of the District's single-employer defined benefit pension plan.

## MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS - Continued

## Financial Analysis of the District as a Whole

		DIST	RICT'S NET POS	SITION			
	Govern Activ		Busine Activ		Totals		Total % Change
	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020-2019
Current and Other Assets	\$ 227,264	\$ 176,780	\$14,192,553	\$14,188,584	\$14,4,19,817	\$14,365,364	0.38%
Capital Assets	1,018,558	1,021,187	<u>14,231,467</u>	13,929,726	<u>15,250,025</u>	14,950,913	2.00%
Total Assets	1,245,822	1,197,967	28,424,020	28,118,310	29,669,842	29,316,277	1.21%
Deferred Outflows of Resources	-0-	-0-	1,820,887	712,782	1,820,887	712,782	155.46%
Liabilities	7,770	5,784	14,757,869	14,810,193	14,765,639	14,815,977	34%
Total Liabilities	7,770	5,784	14,757,869	14,810,193	14,765,639	14,815,977	34%
Deferred Inflows of Resources	-0-	-0-	1,526,214	340,544	1,526,214	340,544	348.17%
Net Position:							
Net Investment in Capital Assets	1,018,558	1,021,187	12,959,483	13,929,726	13,978,041	14,950,913	-6.51%
Restricted	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	
Unrestricted	219,494	170,996	1,011,341	( 249,371)	1,220,835	( 78,375)	1,657.68%
Total Net Position	\$1,238,052	\$1,192,183	\$13,960,824	<u>\$13,680,355</u>	\$15,198,876	\$14,872,538	2.19%

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS - Continued

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE - Continued

CHANGES IN NET POSITION									
	01174110	6/30/20			6/30/2019				
		Governmental Business-Type Activities Activities				rnmental tivities	1	ess-Type tivities	
Revenues									
Charges for Services	\$	-0-	\$10	,219,040	\$	-0-	\$1	1,011,651	
General Revenues									
Rental Income		64,679		-0-		67,812		-0-	
Gain or Loss Disposition of Assets		-0-		1,781		-0-		5,370	
Investment Income		351		61,628		329		158,981	
Miscellaneous		42,597	(	5,633)		<u>45,764</u>		201,212	
Total Revenues	\$	107,627	<b>\$10</b>	,276,816	\$_	113,905	<u>\$1</u>	1,377,214	
Expenses									
Primary Government:									
General Government	\$	19,905	\$	-0-	\$	22,182	\$	-0-	
Community Service		347,626		-0-		365,536		-0-	
Business-type Activities									
Expenses									
Electric Department		-0-		,690,574		-0-		9,837,548	
Total Expenses	\$	367 <u>,531</u>		,690,574	\$	387,718	\$_	9,837,548	
Transfers		305,773	(	305,773)		313,070		313,070)	
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position		45,869		280,469		39,257		1,226,596	
Net Position - Beginning	1	,192,183	13	,680,355		1,152,926	1	2,453,759	
Prior Period Adjustment		<b>-</b> 0-		-0-		-0-		-0-	
Restated Net Position – Beginning		<u>-0-</u>		-0-		-0-		<u>-0-</u>	
Net Position - Ending	<u>\$1</u>	,238,052	<b>\$13</b>	,960,824	<u>\$</u>	1,192,183	\$1	3,680,355	

The District's total net position of \$15,198,876 increased \$326,338 or 2.19%. The District's governmental activities net position increased by \$45,869, while the business-type activities' (Electric Department's) net position increased by \$280,469. The increase is due mainly to an increase in capital assets as well as construction in process. Please refer to page 63 for a listing of capital assets in service as of June 30, 2020. The increase in construction in process is mainly due to the building of a new storage facility.

#### Governmental Activities: Major revenue/expense factors include the following:

The District's governmental activities remained fairly consistent from fiscal 2019 to 2020. Rental Income decreased by \$3,133 to \$64,679 mainly due to a decrease in library hall rentals. Investment income experienced a \$22 increase from \$329 in the prior year 2019 to \$351 in 2020. Miscellaneous revenues decreased \$3,167 from \$45,764 in 2019 to \$42,597 in 2020. This decrease was mainly due to insurance proceeds received by the library in the prior year. These proceeds were offset by receipts from the Payroll Protection Program in the current year. General expenditures decreased \$2,277 from \$22,182 in 2019 to \$19,905 in 2020. Community service expenditures decreased \$17,910 from \$365,536 in 2019 to \$347,626 in 2020. Transfers to the governmental activities from the business-type activities decreased by \$7,297 from \$313,070 in 2019 to \$305,773 in 2020. At June 30, 2020 \$1,018,558 or 82% of the governmental activities' net position is invested in capital assets.

### **MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS - Continued**

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE - Continued

#### **Business-Type Activities:**

Electric operating revenues decreased by \$792,611 from \$11,011,651 in the prior year to \$10,219,040 in 2020. Sales for resale is down \$215,620 from the prior year due to a reduction of the market pricing in relation to the revenues derived from the Norden generators. Purchase power revenues are down \$161,733 from the prior year due to the fuel adjustment that was changed from \$0.013/KWH to \$0.000/KWH in June, 2020 to provide customers with financial relief during the COVID 19 Pandemic. The remainder of the decrease in revenues from the prior year is due to the effects of customer usage from the COVID 19 Pandemic. Net investment income decreased by \$102,986 from \$158,981 in 2019 to \$55,995 in 2020 mainly due to the change in fair market value of the investment account during the current year. Miscellaneous revenues decreased by \$201,212 from the prior year 2019 due to the fact that there were no equity distributions received from the Connecticut Municipal Electric Energy Cooperative (CMEEC) in the current fiscal year. Total operating expense decreased by \$146,974 or 1.49% from \$9,837,548 in 2019 to \$9,690,574 in 2020. This decrease is mainly attributable to a decrease in the cost of purchased power with CMEEC from fiscal year 2019 to 2020.

#### **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

The District made no changes from the original to the final budget. The year's actual operations resulted in an excess of revenues over expenditures of \$24,641. Please see budget to actual comparisons on page 18.

#### Special Revenue Fund (Library) Budgetary Highlights

The District made no changes from the original to the final budget. The year's actual operations resulted in an excess of revenues over expenditures of \$23,857. (Please see budget to actual comparison on page 19).

#### **Capital Assets and Debt Administration**

#### Capital Assets

At the end of 2020, the District had invested \$15,250,025 in a broad range of capital assets. This amount is net of accumulated depreciation. The net capital assets increased by \$299,112 from the prior year due primarily to expenditures related to the building of a new storage facility. Please refer to page 63 for detail of the Electric Department's plant in service at June 30, 2020 and Note 4 to the financial statements that details both plant in service and non-utility property of the entire District.

#### **MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS - Continued**

#### Capital Assets and Debt Administration - Continued

#### Other Liabilities

The Electric Department has an established "Power Sales Contract" for the Supply of Electric Power and Energy with CMEEC. Under this contract the Electric Department has agreed to maintain electric rates that, together with other sources of revenue, will provide sufficient revenues to meet its payment obligation to CMEEC. As a member of CMEEC the Electric Department is responsible for their share of certain costs that may exceed reserves, and/or insurance coverages. The impact of these costs on operations is unknown. The Electric Department is responsible for the repayment of a portion of CMEEC's bonded debt. As of June 30, 2020 the outstanding CMEEC obligation is \$3,270,529. This is offset by the Electric Department's rate stabilization fund, which stabilizes the price of power to customers and provides for early payoff of the debt. As of June 30, 2020, the rate stabilization fund has a balance of \$5,457,295.

#### **Economic Factors**

The Electric Department customers pay a Fuel Adjustment Charge which may change upward or downward reflecting changes in the cost of power purchased by the Department. The rate in effect for the fuel charge during the fiscal year was as follows:

#### Fuel Charge

July 2019 – May 2020 June 2020 \$0.013/KWH \$0.000/KWH

Note: Fuel Adjustment Charge was changed to \$0.000/KWH for June, 2020 to provide customers with financial relief during the COVID 19 Pandemic.

#### **Energy Conservation**

In accordance with Bill #7501 passed by the General Assembly in 2005, the Electric Department began billing all customers one mil per KWH for energy conservation beginning January 1, 2006. This charge increased incrementally annually to 2.5 mils on January 1, 2011. The energy conservation charge was \$.0025/KWH in calendar year 2020. Revenues from this charge will be expended by the Electric Department on energy conservation programs within the District.

#### **Contacting the District's Financial Management**

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, customers, and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional information, contact the General Manager's office at 2 Second Street, Norwalk, Connecticut.

**BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS** 



ASSETS	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
Current Assets			
Cash	\$ 246,318	\$ 4,515,661	\$ 4,761,979
Investments	-	2,340,152	2,340,152
Accounts Receivable, Net of Allowance		_,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	
for Doubtful Accounts of \$0 and \$60,000, respectively	~	1,006,144	1,006,144
Internal Balances	(19,054)	19,054	-
Expenses Paid in Advance	(10,001)	212,081	212,081
Total Current Assets	227,264	8,093,092	8,320,356
Non-Current Assets			
Investment in CMEEC	_	122,220	122,220
Other Restricted Assets	_	5,457,295	5,457,295
Cash - Restricted		519,946	519,946
Capital Assets	-	319,940	313,340
Plant In Service, Net of Accumulated Depreciation	1,018,558	12,959,483	13,978,041
Non-Utility Property, Net of Accumulated Depreciation	1,010,000	13,702	13,702
Construction Work-in-Progress	_	1,258,282	1,258,282
Total Non-Current Assets	1,018,558	20,330,928	21,349,486
Total Non-Current Assets	1,010,000	20,000,920	21,349,400
TOTAL ASSETS	1,245,822	28,424,020	29,669,842
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	<del>400</del>	1,820,887	1,820,887
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities			
Line of Credit	-	-	-
Accounts Payable	7,770	434,450	442,220
Taxes Payable		97,255	97,255
Customer Deposits and Advances	-	513,397	513,397
Advance for Construction	-	257,577	257,577
Accrued Compensated Absences	-	132,368	132,368
Other Accrued Expenses	-	34,257	34,257
Total Current Liabilities	7,770	1,469,304	1,477,074
Non-Current Liabilities			
Deferred Revenue	-	5,457,295	5,457,295
Net OPEB Obligation	-	6,270,773	6,270,773
Net Pension Obligation		1,560,497	1,560,497
Total Non-Current Liabilities	***	13,288,565	13,288,565
TOTAL LIABILITIES	7,770	14,757,869	14,765,639
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		1,526,214	1,526,214
NET POSITION			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	1,018,558	12,959,483	13,978,041
Unrestricted	219,494	1,001,341	1,220,835
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 1,238,052	\$ 13,960,824	\$ 15,198,876

THIRD TAXING DISTRICT - CITY OF NORWALK, CONNECTICUT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

			Program Revenues		Net (Expense) F	Revenue and Changes Primary Government	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position Primary Government
	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
Functions / Programs							
Primary government:							
Governmental Activities:							
Public Officials Fees	\$ 15,900 \$	1 69	· ·	٠	\$ (15,900)	· \$	\$ (15,900)
Payroll Tax Expense	1,216	ı	•	,	(1,216)	ı	(1,216)
Community Service Projects	347,626	,	•	1	(347,626)	ı	(347,626)
Accounting and Professional Fees	•	1		,	1	•	ı
Meetings, Printers, and Other	2,789	•	1	-	(2,789)	*	(2,789)
Total Governmental Activities	367,531	1	,		(367,531)	•	(367,531)
Business-type Activities:							
Electrical Facility	9,690,574	10,219,040			•	528,466	528,466
Total Business-type Activities	9,690,574	10,219,040		*	r	528,466	528,466
Total Primary Government	\$ 9,690,574	\$ 10,219,040	·	·	\$ (367,531)	\$ 528,466	\$ 160,935
General Revenues:							
Rental Income					\$ 64,679	· *	\$ 64,679
Gain (Loss) on Disposition of Utility Plant					•	1,781	1,781
Investment Income					351	61,628	61,979
Interest Expense					•	(5,633)	(5,633)
Other Income					25,240	•	25,240
Third Taxing District Matching Funds					10,357	1	10,357
Grants					7,000	•	2,000
Transfers					305,773	(305,773)	
Total General Revenues, Special Items, and Transfers	, and Transfers				413,400	(247,997)	165,403
Change in Net Position					45,869	280,469	326,338
Net Position - Beginning						ı	
Net Position - Ending					\$ 1,238,052	\$ 13,960,824	\$ 15,198,876

**FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS** 

# THIRD TAXING DISTRICT - CITY OF NORWALK, CONNECTICUT BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020

ASSETS	General	Special Revenue	Total Governmental Funds
Current Assets Cash Expenses Paid in Advance Total Current Assets	\$ 137,359 - 137,359	\$ 108,959 - 108,959	\$ 246,318 - 246,318
TOTAL ASSETS	137,359	108,959	246,318
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	-	***	_
LIABILITIES  Accounts Payable  Due to Electric Department  Capital Lease Obligations  Other Current Liabilities	7,770 19,054 - 	- - - -	7,770 19,054 - -
TOTAL LIABILITIES	26,824		26,824
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	-	-	-
FUND BALANCES Assigned Unassigned	- 110,535	108,959 	108,959 110,535
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	\$ 110,535	\$ 108,959	\$ 219,494

Amounts reported for governmental activities on the statement of net position are different because:

Total fund balance per balance sheet - governmental funds

\$ 219,494

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds:

Cost of governmental capital assets Accumulated depreciation on above capital assets \$ 1,237,744 (219,186)

1,018,558

Net position of governmental activities

\$ 1,238,052

	 General	Special Revenue	Go	Total vernmental Funds
Revenues  Rental Income Interest Income Other Income Third Taxing District Matching Funds Grants	\$ 44,052 350 - -	\$ 20,627 1 25,240 10,357 7,000	\$	64,679 351 25,240 10,357 7,000
Total Revenues	 44,402	 63,225		107,627
Expenditures Public Officials Fees Payroll Tax Expense Community Service Projects Accounting and Professional Fees Meetings, Printers, and Other	15,900 1,216 121,794 - 2,789	- - 205,108 - -		15,900 1,216 326,902 - 2,789
Total Expenditures	 141,699	 205,108		346,807
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	 (97,297)	 (141,883)		(239,180)
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Capital Expenditures Transfer in from Enterprise Electric Department Transfers Between Funds Net Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 (13,835) 305,773 (170,000) 121,938	 (4,260) - 170,000 165,740		(18,095) 305,773 - 287,678
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over Expenditures and Other Financing Uses	24,641	23,857		48,498
Fund Balance (Deficit) - Beginning of Year	 85,894	 85,102		170,996
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$ 110,535	\$ 108,959	\$	219,494

THIRD TAXING DISTRICT - CITY OF NORWALK, CONNECTICUT RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

**EXHIBIT E** 

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 48,498
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures.	

However, in the statement of activities, the cost of these assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. Therefore, the net of amounts paid for the purchase of capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2019, of \$18,095 and current year depreciation expense of \$20,724 is a reconciling item.

(2,629)

Change in net position of governmental activities

45,869

	Budgeted Amounts			
	Original	Final	Actual	Variance
Revenues		-		
Rental Income	\$ 44,052	\$ 44,052	\$ 44,052	\$ -
Interest Income	325	325	350	25
Other Income	-	110		
Total Revenues	44,377	44,377	44,402	25
Expenditures				
Salaries - Commissioners	10,500	10,500	10,500	-
Salary - Clerk	1,800	1,800	1,800	=
Salary - Treasurer	1,800	1,800	1,800	-
Salary - A-Rate Payer Representative	1,800	1,800	1,800	-
Payroll Tax Expense	1,300	1,300	1,216	84
Maintenance of Parks	26,000	26,000	27,015	(1,015)
East Norwalk Cemetery	23,650	23,650	31,580	(7,930)
East Norwalk Cemetery - Major/Capital	6,500	6,500	6,500	4 570
East Norwalk Library - Other	8,000	8,000	6,428	1,572
East Norwalk Library - Major/Capital	6,000	6,000	40.057	6,000
East Norwalk Library - Matching Funds	10,000	10,000	10,357	(357)
Holiday Events	6,800	6,800	3,816	2,984
Firehouse Expense	2,000	2,000	1,235	765
Firehouse Expense - Major/Capital	20,000	20,000	13,835	6,165
Concerts in the Park	33,000	33,000	26,020	6,980
Legal and Accounting Services	-			- 0.044
Annual Electors Meeting	6,000	6,000	2,789	3,211
District Newsletter Allowance	40.000	40.000	- 0.040	4 457
Other District Services	10,000	10,000	8,843	1,157
Contingencies	30,000	30,000	455 504	30,000
Total Expenditures	205,150	205,150	155,534	49,616
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues		(100 ==0)	(444.400)	10.011
over Expenditures	(160,773)	(160,773)	(111,132)	49,641
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfer in from Electric Department	305,773	305,773	305,773	•
Transfer Out to Special Revenue Fund	(170,000)	(170,000)	(170,000)	-
Utilization of Prior Years Unexpended Funds	58,254	58,254		(58,254)
Net Other Financing Sources (Uses)	194,027	194,027	135,773	(58,254)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other				
Financing Sources Over Expenditures				<b>a</b> (0.040)
and Other Financing Uses	\$ 33,254	\$ 33,254	24,641	\$ (8,613)
Fund Balance (Deficit) - Beginning of Year			85,894	
Fund Balance - End of Year			\$ 110,535	

	Budgeted	d Amounts		
	Original	Final	Actual	Variance
Revenues				0.000
Rental Income	\$ 26,850	\$ 26,850	\$ 20,627	\$ (6,223)
Interest and Other Income	5,975	5,975	25,241	19,266
Third Taxing District Matching Funds	10,000	10,000	10,357	357
Insurance Proceeds			7.000	4 000
Grants	6,000	6,000	7,000	1,000
Total Revenues	48,825	48,825	63,225	14,400
Expenditures				
Personnel	108,500	108,500	107,329	1,171
Benefits and Taxes	27,000	27,000	29,848	(2,848)
Programming	44,725	44,725	27,897	16,828
Utilities	9,500	9,500	7,324	2,176
Building Maintenance Security and Repairs	15,750	15,750	12,791	2,959
Professional Fees	11,350	11,350	8,224	3,126
Promotions and Advertising	2,000	2,000	11,695	(9,695)
Settlement Costs	-	-		-
Total Expenditures	218,825	218,825	205,108	13,717
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
over Expenditures	(170,000)	(170,000)	(141,883)	28,117
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfer in from General Fund	170,000	170,000	170,000	-
Capital Expenditures	· •	•	(4,260)	(4,260)
Net Other Financing Sources (Uses)	170,000	170,000	165,740	(4,260)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over Expenditures				
and Other Financing Uses	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	\$ 23,857	\$ 23,857
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year			85,102	
Fund Balance - End of Year			\$ 108,959	

ASSETS	Electrical Department
Current Assets Cash Investments Accounts Receivable, Net of Allowance for Doubtful Accounts of \$60,000 Due from Governmental Funds	\$ 4,515,661 2,340,152 1,006,144 19,054 212,081
Expenses Paid in Advance  Total Current Assets	8,093,092
Non-Current Assets Investment in CMEEC Other Restricted Assets Cash - Restricted Capital Assets Plant In Service, Net of Accumulated Depreciation Non-Utility Property, Net of Accumulated Depreciation Construction Work in Progress Total Non-Current Assets	122,220 5,457,295 519,946 12,959,483 13,702 1,258,282 20,330,928
TOTAL ASSETS	28,424,020
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	1,820,887
LIABILITIES Current Liabilities Line of Credit Accounts Payable Taxes Payable Customer Deposits and Advances Advance for Construction Accrued Compensated Absences Other Accrued Expenses Total Current Liabilities	434,450 97,255 513,397 257,577 132,368 34,257 1,469,304
Non-Current Liabilities  Deferred Revenue Net OPEB Obligation Net Pension Obligation Total Non-Current Liabilities	5,457,295 6,270,773 1,560,497 13,288,565
TOTAL LIABILITIES	14,757,869
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	1,526,214
NET POSITION  Net Investment in Capital Assets Unrestricted	12,959,483 1,001,341
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 13,960,824

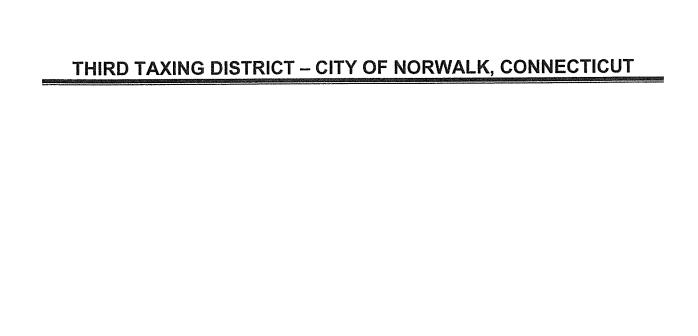
	Electrical
	Department
Operating Revenues	<b>4.400.070</b>
Residential Sales	\$ 4,133,673
Commercial Sales	2,604,721
Industrial Sales	865,237
Cervalis Sales	338,836
Water Pollution Control Plant	989,085
Private Security Lighting	100,390
Sales for Resale	530,104
Miscellaneous Service Revenue	31,939
Purchased Power Adjustment	625,055
Total Operating Revenues	10,219,040
Operating Expenses	
Electrical Power Purchased	4,811,791
Transmission	· · · · · -
Distribution	363,401
Maintenance	495,166
Generation Expenses	89,490
Customer Service	397,773
Administration	2,371,668
Depreciation	775,049
Connecticut Gross Receipts Tax	386,236
Total Operating Expenses	9,690,574
Operating Income (Loss)	528,466
Nonoperating Revenue and Expenses	
Gain from Sale of Fixed Assets	1,781
Investment Income	91,628
Interest Expense	(5,633)
Unrealized Gain (Loss) on Investments	(49,627)
Realized Gain (Loss) on Investments	19,627
Other Income	<u> </u>
Total Nonoperating Revenues and Expenses	57,776
Income (Loss) Before Operating Transfers	586,242
Operating Transfers	
Transfers Out	(305,773)
Net Operating Transfers	(305,773)
Change in Net Position	280,469
Net Position - Beginning	13,680,355
Net Position - Ending	\$ 13,960,824
•	

	Electrical Department
Cash Flows from Operating Activities  Cash Received from Customers  Cash Payments to Suppliers, Vendors, and Contractors  Cash Payments to Employees for Payroll	\$ 10,371,522 (7,679,947) (1,398,182)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	1,293,393
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities Operating Transfers	(305,773)
Net Cash Used by Noncapital Financing Activities	(305,773)
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities Purchase of Property and Equipment	(963,422)
Net Cash Provided by Capital and Related Financing Activities	(963,422)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities Acquisitions of Investments	(213,537)
Net Cash Used by Investing Activities	(213,537)
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(189,339)
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year	5,224,946
Cash and Cash Equivalents - End of Year	5,035,607
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities Operating Income (Loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to net cash	528,466
provided (used) by operating activities: Depreciation Gain on Disposal of Assets Unrealized Gain (Loss) on Investments Realized Gain (Loss) on Investments Interest Expense	775,049 (1,781) 49,627 (19,627) (5,633)
Changes in Assets and Liabilities: Receivables, net Expenses Paid in Advance and Other Assets Payables and Accrued Liabilities  Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	152,482 (110,474) (74,716) \$ 1,293,393

	<u> </u>	
ASSETS		
Cash Investments, at Fair Value	\$	72,368
Municipal Obligations		3,029,694
Mutual Funds		190,997
TOTAL ASSETS		3,293,059
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		-
TOTAL LIABILITIES		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	<u></u>	_
NET POSITION HELD IN TRUST - RESTRICTED FOR PENSION BENEFITS	\$	3,293,059

#### **ADDITIONS**

Contributions:		
Employer	\$	241,400
Total Contributions		241,400
Investment Income: Interest, Dividends and Capital Gains Net Appreciation (Depreciation) in Fair Value of Investments Less: Trustee, Advisory and Administrative Fees Net Investment Income (Loss)		110,144 (6,190) 103,954 (8,427) 95,527
TOTAL ADDITIONS (DEDUCTIONS)		336,927
DEDUCTIONS		
Benefits		119,973
TOTAL DEDUCTIONS		119,973
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		216,954
NET POSITION HELD IN TRUST - RESTRICTED FOR PENSION BENEFITS		
BEGINNING OF YEAR		3,076,105
END OF YEAR	_\$	3,293,059



NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

#### **NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

#### General Statement:

The Third Taxing District of the City of Norwalk, Connecticut (the District) was incorporated in the year 1913. The District maintains various properties in the District and provides library, recreation and electric services to its residents. The District's financial statements are not included in the City of Norwalk's financial statements because the City does not have oversight responsibility for the above services. Oversight responsibility was determined on the basis of financial interdependence, governing authority, designation of management, ability to significantly influence operations, accountability for fiscal matters and scope of public services.

#### Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements:

The government-wide financial statements required by GASB pronouncements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government and its business-type activities. Governmental activities, which are supported by transfers from the business-type activities, are reported separately from the business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of any given function or segment, are offset by program revenues.

Separate fund financial statements are provided for the governmental funds (general fund and library special revenue fund), the proprietary fund (Electric Department), and pension trust funds. The pension trust fund is excluded from the government-wide financial statements.

#### Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation:

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and the pension trust fund financial statements. Under this method, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred.

The modified-accrual basis of accounting is used by the governmental fund types. Under the modified-accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual (i.e., when they become both measurable and available). "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred.

# NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

The government reports the following funds:

#### Governmental Fund

<u>General Fund</u> - The General Fund is the general operating fund of the District. All unrestricted resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund are accounted for in this fund. From this fund, general operating expenditures are paid.

<u>Special Revenue Fund</u> - This fund is used to account for the process of specific revenue sources (the District Library) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes.

#### **Proprietary Funds**

The District reports the following Enterprise Fund:

Electric Department - accounts for the operating activities of the District's electric utility services.

Additionally, the government reports the following fund type:

<u>Pension Trust Fund</u> - This fund reports fiduciary resources held in trust and the receipt, investment, and distribution of retirement contributions.

#### **Budgetary Control:**

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting – As set forth in the District Charter, the electors adopt an annual budget for the General Fund and Special Revenue Fund-Library. The annual budgets for the General Fund and Special Revenue Fund – Library, are prepared in accordance with the basis of accounting utilized by each fund. The Commissioners are authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within and among funds. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end.

#### Investments:

Investments are recorded at fair value based on quoted market prices.

#### Fund Changes and Transactions Between Funds:

Legally authorized transfers are treated as operating transfers and are included in the results of operations of both Governmental and Proprietary Funds. During the year ended June 30, 2020 District electors voted to authorize the transfer of \$305,773 as a transfer from the Proprietary Fund (Electrical Department) to the Governmental Funds.

# NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

#### Governmental Fund Balance

In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, the District classifies governmental fund balances as follows:

- Non-spendable includes fund balance amounts that cannot be spent either because it is not in spendable form or because of legal or contractual constraints.
- Restricted includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes which
  are externally imposed by providers, such as creditors or amounts constrained due to
  constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Committed includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes that
  are internally imposed by the District through formal vote of the District Electors and does not
  lapse at year-end.
- Assigned includes fund balance amounts that are intended to be used for specific purposes
  that are neither considered restricted or committed. Fund Balance may be assigned by the
  District Commissioners.
- Unassigned includes positive fund balance within the General Fund which has not been classified within the above mentioned categories.

The District's special revenue fund consists of the reporting of the District Library's operations. The Assigned Fund Balance amount of \$108,959 at June 30, 2020 represents the residual fund balance amount not reported as non-spendable, restricted or committed.

The District spends restricted amounts first when both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available unless there are legal documents / contracts that prohibit doing this, such as a grant agreement requiring dollar for dollar spending. Additionally, the District would first use committed, then assigned and lastly unassigned amounts of unrestricted fund balance when expenditures are made.

The District does not have a formal minimum fund balance policy.

# NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

#### Accounts Receivable and Provision for Bad Debts

The District utilizes the reserve method of accounting for its bad debts. The allowance for losses in the balance sheet is increased by charges to bad debt expense and decreased by charge-offs. Management's periodic evaluation of the adequacy of the allowance is based on the department's historical experience and known and related risks in the accounts receivable listing.

Significant receivables include amounts due from customers primarily for utility services.

	Governmental Funds	Proprietary Funds
Accounts Receivable	\$ -0-	\$1,066,144
Less: Allowance for Uncollectible Accounts	-0-	60,000
Net Accounts Receivable	\$ -0-	<u>\$1,006,144</u>

#### Plant in Service and Non-Utility Property (Governmental and Business-Type Activities):

Plant in Service and Non-Utility Property are recorded at cost. Repairs and maintenance are recorded as expenses; renewals and betterments are capitalized. The sale or disposal of assets is recorded by removing cost and accumulated depreciation and charging the resulting gain or loss to income. Depreciation expense has been calculated using the straight-line-method. The estimated useful lives are as follows:

	<u>Years</u>
Structures and improvements	10-50
Substation equipment	25
Generators	4-10
Poles, towers and equipment	25
Overhead conductors	25
Underground conduit	33-40
Underground conductors	10-40
Line transformers	25
Meters	15
Street lights and signals	10-20
Office furniture and equipment	3-10
Transportation equipment	3-10
Stores equipment	20
Tools, shop and yard equipment	20
Laboratory equipment	20
Communications equipment	5-10
Miscellaneous equipment	4-10
Computer software	4

# NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

#### Use of Estimates:

Management uses estimates and assumptions in preparing financial statements. Those estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities, and the reported revenues and expenses. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### Deferred Revenue:

Deferred revenue is recognized resulting from an arrangement the District has with CMEEC (See Note 11).

#### Pension Plan Accounting:

Employer contributions to the plan are recognized when due. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of each plan.

#### Compensated Absences:

Electric Department employees accumulate vacation and sick leave hours for subsequent use or for payment upon the end of the calendar year. Vacation and sick leave expenses to be paid after year-end are accrued for time that was not taken by June 30, in the proprietary fund financial statement. The balance of \$132,368 is classified as current at June 30, 2020.

#### Statement of Cash Flows - Electric Department

In accordance with GASB 34, Electric uses the direct method of presenting cash flows for purpose of the statement of cash flows and considers all highly liquid investments with an original maturity value of ninety days or less to be cash equivalents. Restricted cash held in segregated bank accounts representing customer security deposits is considered cash for cash flow purposes.

#### Pensions:

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary Net position of the District Electric Department's Pension Plan and additions to/deductions from the District Electric Department Pension Plan fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the District Electric Department Pension Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms.

#### **GASB Pronouncements:**

GASB Statement 20 requires that each government makes an election concerning proprietary funds. The Third Taxing District - City of Norwalk, Connecticut, has elected to apply FASB pronouncements and interpretations issued on or before November 30, 1989, unless they conflict or contradict GASB pronouncements. After that date GASB pronouncements will solely be used.

# NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

# **NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS**

Cash and cash equivalents are defined as cash and short-term, highly liquid investments that are both readily convertible to known amounts of cash and that are so near their maturity that they present insignificant risk of changes in value because of changes in interest rates. Investments with original maturities of three months or less meet the definition of cash equivalents. Pursuant to state statute, the District may invest in cash funds with banks, obligations of the United States, and obligations of any state or political subdivision.

# Cash Deposits

At June 30, 2020, the Third Taxing District, - City of Norwalk, Connecticut maintained cash deposits with financial institutions as follows:

	Bank Balances	Reconciled Balances
Governmental Activities (District General and Special Revenue Funds)	\$ 247,925	\$ 246,318
Business-Type Activities (Electric Department)	5,045,507	5,035,607
Pension Trust Fund	72,368	72,368

Custodial credit risk and concentrations of credit risk - Of the \$5,045,507 business-type activities bank balances, \$4,449,247 is uninsured and uncollateralized at June 30, 2020. \$4,729,919 or 94% of the June 30, 2020 bank balances for business-type activities are maintained at one financial institution, Patriot National Bank. The District does not address custodial credit risk or concentrations of credit risk in its deposits policy.

# Investments:

At June 30, 2020, the District's reporting entity had the following investments:

	Fair Value/ Carrying		Average Credit Quality Ratings	Segmented Time Distribution to
Types of Investments	Value	Cost	(1)	Maturity
Business-Type Activities				
Equities/Mutual Funds	\$2,340,152	\$2,355,40 <u>3</u>	N/A	N/A
Total Business-Type Activities	<u>\$2,340,152</u>	<u>\$2,355,403</u>		
Pension Trust Fund				
Equities/Mutual Funds	3,029,694	3,023,400	N/A	N/A
Municipal Obligations	51,142	52,300	AA	0-1 year
Municipal Obligations	25,911	26,120	AA	1-3 years
Municipal Obligations	113,944	<u>101,000</u>	Aa3	5-10 years
Total Pension Trust Fund	\$3,220,691	\$3,202,820		

# NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

# NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS - Continued

(1) - Ratings are provided where applicable to indicate associated credit risk. N/A - Indicates not applicable.

# Investment Policy - Primary Government

Investing is performed in accordance with investment policies complying with state statutes and the District's Charter. District funds may be invested in (1) direct obligations of the United States government; (2) certificates of deposit at savings and loan associations and federally insured banks; (3) savings accounts at savings and loan associations and banks; and (4) any bond, note or other indebtedness issued by state or political subdivisions.

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The District's policy provides that to the extent practicable, investments are matched with anticipated cash flows. The District according to that policy has invested in U.S. Treasury notes and Government Agency Obligations with various maturities ranging from less than 1 year to 10 years, to maximize interest earned in conjunction with anticipated cash flows.

# Investment Policy - Pension Trust Fund

The District's pension committee is responsible for the operation of the District's Pension Plan (the Plan), including overseeing investments made by the Plan Trustee. The primary investment objective of the Plan is the achievement of a high total return without undue risk of large losses. Total return is defined as income return plus capital appreciation.

Overall asset allocation is determined by the Trustee's expectation of inflation, interest rates and corporate profits. Historical and relative valuations will determine the strategic allocation among the major asset categories. Limits for the range of allocation to the asset categories valued by the asset's current fair market value, will be as follows:

- Equities Not to exceed 60%
- Fixed Income Not to exceed 75%
- Reserves Not to exceed 30%

The above ranges are not to suggest sudden, dramatic shifts in the asset mix but instead represent flexible bands within which the asset mix may shift over investment cycles. The appropriate mix is reviewed quarterly with the Committee, who may make recommendations concerning investments in the portfolio.

Equity investments represent a diversified list of investments in the common stock of companies with market capitalizations of \$100 million and above. However, 20% of the equity portfolio may be invested in companies with market capitalizations of \$25 million or more. Valuation analysis will be employed to determine investment opportunity in conjunction with a fundamental appraisal of management strengths, past performance, demographic and secular trends. Economic sector allocations reflect the intent of the investment strategy and the weighting is monitored relative to similar sectors of the S&P 500. In no case shall the equity portion of the portfolio have (1) an investment of over 5%, at cost, of the Plan's assets in any one company; (2) an investment in securities with limited marketability or less than investment quality; or (3) include a transaction involving short sales, margin purchases, letter stock, private or direct placements, or any derivative instruments. Performance of this portion of the portfolio is measured against the performance of the S&P 500 index.

# NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

# NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS - Continued

Investment Policy - Pension Trust Fund - Continued

**Fixed Income** represent a diversified list of high quality U.S. government, U.S. Agency and corporate obligations rated A or better. Intermediate range maturities (average 5 to 10 years) will represent the core portfolio. While the Committee realizes that shifts within the maturity range will occur in line with the Trustee's overall investment outlook, performance of the fixed income portion of the portfolio shall be measured against the performance of the Lehman Intermediate Bond Fund Index.

**Reserves** represent a diversified list of high quality U.S. government or A-1, P-1 instruments. Since reserves are also required for distributions, they will be used in concert with overall strategy and withdrawal needs.

The investment performance of the Plan's portfolio is reviewed by the District's Committee on a quarterly basis. A representative of the Trustee meets with the Pension Committee at least once a year to review past investment performance, the investment outlook and the strategy planned to achieve the portfolio objectives.

Custodial credit risk and concentration of credit risk - The \$3,220,691 carrying amount of the Pension Trust Fund investments at June 30, 2020 are defined as insured or registered or securities held by the entity or its agent in the entity's name.

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The District's policy of diversifying funds among domestic common stock, U.S. Treasuries and corporate obligations, the latter two classifications with maturities ranging from less than 1 year through 10 years is in part designed to minimize interest rate risk to the extent practicable.

# **NOTE 3 - INVESTMENT IN CMEEC**

Investment in Connecticut Municipal Electric Energy Cooperative (CMEEC), a related party, is valued at cost and represents the Electrical Department's pro rata equity interest in the Cooperative. The Electrical Department made this investment because of its desire for membership in the cooperative and benefits of such membership. The Electrical Department's purchases of power from CMEEC during 2020 was \$4,811,791 and is presented as electric power purchased in the accompanying Statement of Revenues and Expenses - Proprietary Fund.

# NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

# **NOTE 4 - PLANT IN SERVICE AND NON-UTILITY PROPERTY**

# Non-Utility Property

Non-utility property balances and activity for the year ended June 30, 2020 was as follows:

# **GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES:**

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Disposals/ Reclassifications	Ending Balance
Non-Utility Property not Being Depreciated:				
Land	\$ 790,045	\$ -0-	\$ -0-	\$ 790,045
Total	\$ 790,045	<u>\$ -0-</u>	<u>\$ -0-</u>	\$ 790,045
Non-Utility Property Being Depreciated:				
Buildings & Improvements	\$ 357,089	\$ 13,835	\$ -0-	\$ 370,924
Equipment	72,515	4,260	-0-	76,775
Total	<u>\$ 429,604</u>	\$ 18,095	<u>\$ -0-</u>	\$ 447,699
Less: Accumulated Depreciation:				
Buildings	\$( 153,486)	\$(17,644)	\$ -0-	\$( 171,130)
Equipment	( 44,976)	( 3,080)	-0-	( 48,056)
Total	<u>\$( 198,462)</u>	<u>\$(20,724)</u>	\$ -0-	<u>\$( 219,186)</u>
Total Non-Utility Property Being Depreciated – Net	\$ 231,142	<u>\$( 2,629)</u>	\$ -0-	<u>\$ 228,513</u>
Governmental Activities - Non-Utility Property – Net	\$1,021,187	\$(_2,629)	\$ -0-	\$1,018,55 <u>8</u>

# NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

# NOTE 4 - PLANT IN SERVICE AND NON-UTILITY PROPERTY - Continued

Non-Utility Property - Continued

# **BUSINESS TYPE ACTIVITIES:**

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Disposals/ Reclassifications	Ending Balance
Non-Utility Property not Being Depreciated:				
Land	<u>\$ 13,702</u>	\$ -0-	\$ -0-	\$ 13,702
Business Type Activities - Non-Utility Property – Net	\$ 13,702	<u>\$ -0-</u>	\$ -O-	<u>\$ 13,702</u>

Depreciation Expense was charged to Governmental Functions as follows:

Community Service Projects	<u>\$20,724</u>
Total Depreciation Expense - Governmental Activities	<u>\$20,724</u>

# Plant in Service

Plant in service balances and activity for the year ended June 30, 2020 was as follows:

# **GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES:**

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Disposals/ Reclassifications	Ending Balance
Plant in Service not Being Depreciated	\$ -0-	\$ -0-	<u>\$ -0-</u>	\$ -0-
Plant in Service Being Depreciated	\$ -0-	\$ -0-	\$ -0-	\$ -0-

# NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

# NOTE 4 – PLANT IN SERVICE AND NON-UTILITY PROPERTY – Continued

Plant in Service - Continued

# **BUSINESS TYPE ACTIVITIES:**

DOSINESS THE ACTIVITIES.				
	Beginning Balance	Additions	Disposals/ Reclassifications	Ending Balance
Plant in Service not Being Depreciated:				
Franchise and Consents	\$ 34,300	\$ -0-	\$ -0-	\$ 34,300
Total	\$ 34,300	\$ -0-	\$ -0-	\$ 34,300
Plant in Service Being Depreciated:				
Generators	\$ 2,886,820	\$ -0-	\$ -0-	\$ 2,886,820
Transmission Plant	3,498,453	-0-	-0-	3,498,453
Distribution Plant	13,159,325	775,412	( 52,094)	13,882,643
General Plant	2,048,741	237,178	( 39,454)	246,465
Total	\$21,593,339	\$1,012,590	<u>\$( 91,548)</u>	<u>\$22,514,381</u>
Less: Accumulated Depreciation				
Generators	\$(2,884,193)	\$ (1,314)	\$ -0-	\$(2,885,507)
Transmission Plant	( 648,162)	(69,269)	-0-	( 717,431)
Distribution Plant	(4,242,221)	(554,573)	( 52,094)	(4,744,700)
General Plant	(1,131,121)	(149,893)	( 39,454)	(1,241,560)
Total	\$(8,905,697)	\$ (775,049)	<u>\$( 91,548)</u>	\$(9,589,198)
Total Plant in Service Being Depreciated – Net	\$12,687,642	<u>\$ 237,541</u>	\$ -0-	<u>\$12,925,183</u>
Business Type Activities – Plant in Service – Net	12,721,942	237,541	-0-	12,959,483
Construction Work-in-Progress	<u>\$ 1,194,082</u>	<u>\$ 710,673</u>	\$(646,473 <u>)</u>	<u>\$ 1,258,282</u>

# NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

# NOTE 5 - SELF INSURANCE

The District provides a self-insurance plan which pays the deductible portion and any co-insurance requirements of the group health plan. Also, dental, eye care, and hearing aid coverage is available, subject to a combined annual limitation of \$3,000 per participant. A summary of the activity during 2020 follows:

Balance, Beginning	\$ -0-
Current year claims and changes in estimates	39,434
Claim payments	<u>39,434</u>
Balance, Ending	\$ -0-

There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverages during the fiscal year 2020. Settled claims have not exceeded commercial excess coverages in any of the past three years.

# **NOTE 6 – CUSTOMER DEPOSITS AND ADVANCES**

Some customers are required by the Electrical Department to post deposits against their future liability. These deposits are held in an interest bearing account until such time as they are either returned to the customer or used to satisfy said customer's outstanding electric bill. As of June 30, 2020, the District has \$519,946 available for the customer security deposit liability of \$513,397.

# **NOTE 7 – LINE OF CREDIT**

The District has a \$500,000 line of credit with a local bank which permits the Company to borrow up to \$500,000 at a variable rate which was 4.75% at June 30, 2020. It is secured by all of the District's assets and expires on December 1, 2020. At June 30, 2020 the amount outstanding on the line of credit was \$-0-

# NOTE 8 - SUMMARY OF CHANGES IN LONG-TERM DEBT

	Balance 7/1/19	Issued	Retired	Balance 6/30/20	Due Within 1 Year
Governmental Activities:	\$ -0-	\$ -0-	\$ -0-	\$ -0-	\$ -0-
Business-Type Activities:					
Deferred Revenue	\$5,434,906	\$412,132	\$(389,743)	\$ 5,457,295	\$ -0-
Net OPEB Obligation	6,021,144	249,629	-0-	6,270,773	-0-
Net Pension Obligation	1,493,617	66,880	_0-	1,560,497	0-
Totals	\$12,949,667	\$728,641	\$ 389,743	\$13,288,565	\$ -0-

# NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

# **NOTE 9 - PENSION PLAN**

### General Information About the Pension Plan:

Method used to value investments. Investments are reported at fair value. Securities traded on a national or international exchange are valued at the last reported sales price at current exchange rates.

*Plan Description.* The District's Pension Committee administers the District's Pension Plan – a single-employer defined benefit pension plan that provides retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. All full-time employees are eligible to enter on the beginning of the month coincident with or following the later of the completion of 1 year of service and attainment of age 21.

Management of the District's plan is vested in the District's Pension Committee, which consists of three members who are the District's General Manager, Assistant General Manager and Senior Customer Account Analyst. The Pension Committee can recommend changes to the District's pension plan to the District Board of Commissioners.

Employees covered by benefit terms. At July 1, 2018, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive plan members or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	6
Inactive plan members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	3
Active plan members	<u>10</u>
Total Members	<u>19</u>

Benefits provided. The normal retirement date for participants is at or after the attainment of age 65 with 10 years of the completion of continuous service. Each vested participant is entitled to a retirement benefit, and such benefit is equal to 2.5% of the average monthly compensation multiplied by the number of years of credited service. A participant may retire early on the first day of any month on or after the age of 55, with 10 years of credited service. Benefits fully vest on participants on or after 10 years of service and are reduced by .5% for each complete month by which commencement of benefit payments precedes the participant's normal retirement date.

Disability benefits are available for participants with 10 years of continuous service. If the participant is at least 55 on the date as of which he or she is entitled to a disability retirement benefit, the benefit is determined as for normal retirement (no early retirement factor is applied) but based on credited service and compensation prior to actual disability retirement. If the participant is less than 55 on the date as of which he or she is entitled to a disability benefit, the benefit is determined as in the immediately preceding sentence but is actuarially reduced for each month that the benefit starting date precedes his or her 55<sup>th</sup> birthday.

Pre-retirement death benefits are available for participants who are actively employed and for terminated employees with 10 years of service. The benefit is calculated as if the participant terminated, lived to the earliest date they could have retired, elected the 50% joint and Survivor Annuity option, then died. The 50% continuation benefit is payable to the spouse (if any).

# NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

# NOTE 9 - PENSION PLAN - Continued

General Information About the Pension Plan: - Continued

Contributions. The annual required contribution for the current year was determined as part of the July 1, 2018, actuarial valuation using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. The actuarial assumptions included (a) 6.5% investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses) and (b) projected salary increases of 2.6% per year plus a service based scale based on years of service. The assumptions did not include postretirement benefit increases, which are not provided by the Plan. The unfunded accrued liabilities as of July 1, 2016 were amortized over a 20 year closed period. Future changes in the unfunded accrued liability will be recognized separately, assuming a new 20 year amortization for each valuation. For the year ended June 30, 2020, the average active member contribution rate was 0 percent of annual pay, and the District's average contribution rate was 25.84 percent of covered payroll.

Investment Policy. The pension plan's policy in regard to the allocation of invested assets is established and may be amended by the District's Pension Committee by a majority vote of its members. It is the policy of the District's Pension Committee to pursue an investment strategy that reduces risk through the prudent diversification of the portfolio across a broad selection of distinct asset classes. The District's investments policy is provided in more detail in Note 2 to the District's financial statements. The following was the District's adopted asset allocation policy as of June 30, 2019:

Asset Class	Target Allocation
US Large Cap	24.50%
US Mid/Small Cap	13.50%
Developed International Equities	10.00%
Emerging Market Equities	3.50%
Intermediate Corporate	20.00%
Intermediate Government	12.00%
Money Market/Short Term Bonds	13.00%
Real Estate	3.50%
Total	100.00%

Concentrations. The following investment represents more than 5% of the total Net Position Held in Trust for Pension Benefits:

		Fair Market Value
Type of Investment	Description	at June 30, 2020
Mutual Funds Equities	Vanguard 500 Index Fund	\$186,069

### Rates of Return.

	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Annual money-weighted rate of						
return, net of investment expense	3.05%	5.78%	6.86%	10.25%	-1.11%	2.60%

The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

# NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

# NOTE 9 - PENSION PLAN - Continued

General Information About the Pension Plan: - Continued

### **Net Pension Liability**

The District's net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2018.

Description of Significant Changes Prior to Year End

There were no significant plan changes since the last published valuation.

### **DROP Balances**

Currently, there is no Deferred Retirement Option Plan (DROP). Therefore, the DROP balances are \$0.

Valuation Date and Roll Forward Process

The Plan Sponsor uses the July 1, 2018 Actuarial Valuation to calculate the ADEC for the fiscal year ending 2020.

The July 1, 2018 Actuarial Valuation directly calculated the July 1, 2018 Total pension Liability (TPL). The July 1, 2018 TPL was increased by service cost and interest and decreased by benefit payments to estimate the TPL as of June 30, 2020. The TPL as of June 30, 2020 was also adjusted to reflect any material plan changes after the valuation, if applicable.

### **Funding Policy**

The Plan Sponsor uses the Entry Age Normal Actuarial Cost Method to calculate the plan liabilities. The funding Policy has two parts.

- 1. Normal Cost
- 2. Amortization of the Unfunded Actuarial liability (UAL)

Each year the Plan Sponsor pays the Normal Cost plus an amortization of the plan's UAL. Unfunded accrued liabilities as of July 1, 2016 were amortized over a 20 year closed period.

Future changes in the unfunded accrued liability will be recognized separately, assuming a new 20 year amortization for each valuation.

# NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

# NOTE 9 - PENSION PLAN - Continued

General Information About the Pension Plan: - Continued

Assumption Selection

The selections of all assumptions used in determining the total pension liability were made in conformity with Actuarial Standards of Practice issued by the Actuarial Standards Board.

The actuarial assumptions used in the valuation were based on standard tables modified for certain plan features such as eligibility for full and early retirement where applicable and input from the plan sponsor. The plan does not have credible data on which to perform an experience study. As a result, a full actuarial experience study is not applicable.

Description of Actuarial Methods.

### Asset Valuation Method

The Actuarial Value of assets used in the development of plan contributions phases in the recognition of differences between the actual return on Market Value and the expected return on Market Value over a five-year period at 20% per year. The method change was effective July 1, 2014.

### **Actuarial Cost Method**

Entry Age Normal Actuarial Cost Method (level percentage of salary).

### Normal Cost:

Under this method, the normal cost is the sum of amounts necessary to fund each active member's normal retirement benefit if paid annually from entry age to assumed retirement age. Entry age is the age at which the employee would have been first eligible for the plan, if it had always been in effect. The normal cost for each participant is expected to remain a level percentage of the employee's salary.

The normal cost for the plan is the difference between the total normal cost for the year and the anticipated member contributions for that year.

### Past Service Liability:

The present value of future benefits that relates to service before the valuation date is the total past service liability. The unfunded past service liability is the difference between the total past service liability and any assets (including accumulated member contributions). Unfunded accrued liabilities as of July 1, 2016 were amortized over a closed 20-year period. Future changes in the unfunded accrued liability will be amortized separately, assuming a new 20-year amortization each valuation.

# **Experience Gains and Losses:**

All experience gains and losses (the financial effect of the difference between the actual experience during the prior period and the result expected by the actuarial assumptions for that prior period) appear directly in the past service liability and are amortized at the same rate the plan is amortizing the remaining unfunded past service liability.

# NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

# NOTE 9 - PENSION PLAN - Continued

General Information About the Pension Plan: - Continued

Actuarial Assumptions.

	Year Ending June 30, 2020	Year Ending June 30, 2019
<b>Investment rate of return</b> (net of investment-related and administrative expenses)	6.50%	6.50%
Rate of compensation increase (including inflation)	2.6% plus service based scale	2.6% plus service based scale

# Service-based component of compensation increases (for determination of benefits)

Service	Compensation Increase
0-4	1.50%
5-9	1.00%
10-14	0.50%
15+	0.00%

The plan does not have statistically credible data on which to form a rate of compensation increase assumption. The assumption is based on input from the plan sponsor regarding future expectations, as well as knowledge that younger employees generally earn higher annual percentage increases than older employees.

**Inflation** – 2.6%. This assumption is consistent with the Social Security Administration's current best estimate of the ultimate long-term (75 year horizon) annual percentage increase in CPI, as published in the 2018 OASDI Trustees Report.

**Mortality**. RP-2014 Adjusted to 2006 Total Dataset Mortality Table projected to valuation date with Scale MP-2018.

Prior: RP-2014 Adjusted to 2006 Total Dataset Mortality Table projected to valuation date with Scale MP-2016.

Mortality Improvement. Projected to date of decrement using Scale MP-2019 (generational).

Prior: Projected to date of decrement using Scale MP-2016 (generational).

We have selected this mortality assumption because it is based on the latest published pension mortality study released by the Society of Actuaries.

# NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

# NOTE 9 - PENSION PLAN - Continued

General Information About the Pension Plan: - Continued

Actuarial Assumptions. - Continued

# Retirement Age

Age	Rate
<62	0%
62-64	10%
65-69	20%
70-74	15%
75	100%

The actuarial assumption in regards to rates of retirement shown above are based on standard tables (MERS 2014) modified for certain plan features such as eligibility for full and early retirement where applicable and input from the plan sponsor. The plan does not have sufficiently credible data on which to perform an experience study.

### **Termination** – Prior to Retirement

### Years of Service

Age	0	1	2	>=3
<=19	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
20	14.90%	12.50%	10.50%	9.30%
25	13.90%	11.25%	9.25%	6.80%
30	12.90%	10.00%	8.00%	5.05%
35	11.90%	8.90%	6.90%	3.95%
40	10.90%	7.90%	5.90%	3.25%
45	9.90%	7.05%	5.05%	2.75%
50	8.90%	6.30%	4.30%	2.25%
>=50	8.00%	5.00%	3.50%	1.75%

The actuarial assumptions in regards to rates of termination shown above are based on standard tables (Vaughn) modified for certain plan features such as eligibility for full and early retirement where applicable and input from the plan sponsor. The plan does not have sufficiently credible data on which to perform an experience study.

Percent of active employees married. 80%

Spouse's Age. Husbands are assumed to be 3 years older than wives.

# NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

# NOTE 9 - PENSION PLAN - Continued

General Information About the Pension Plan: - Continued

Actuarial Assumptions. - Continued

# Target Allocation and Expected Rate of Return / Actuarial Valuation as of July 1, 2018

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return*	Weighting
US Large Cap	24.50%	4.50%	1.10%
US Mid/Small Cap	13.50%	5.00%	0.68%
Developed International Equities	10.00%	5.25%	0.53%
Emerging Market Equities	3.50%	6.25%	0.22%
Intermediate Corporate	20.00%	2.50%	0.50%
Intermediate Government	12.00%	1.50%	0.18%
Money Market/Short Term Bonds	13.00%	0.25%	0.03%
Real Estate	3.50%	<u>4.50</u> %	<u>0.16</u> %
	100.00%		3.40%
Long-Term Inflation Expectation			<u>2.60</u> %
Long-Term Expected Nominal Return			<u>6.00</u> %

<sup>\*</sup>Long-Term Real Returns are provided by HHIA. The returns are geometric means.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return are developed. Best estimates of the real rates of return for each major asset class are included in the pension plan's target asset allocation.

The information above is based on geometric means and does not reflect additional returns through investment selection, asset allocation and rebalancing. The results support a rate between 6.00% and 6.50%. An expected rate of return of 6.50% was used.

The July 1, 2018 Actuarial Valuation directly calculated the July 1, 2018 Total Pension Liability (TPL). The July 1, 2018 TPL was increased by service cost and interest and decreased by benefit payments to estimate the TPL as of June 30, 2020.

# **Discount Rate**

The long-term expected rate of return on investments may be used to discount liabilities to the extent that the plan's fiduciary net position and future contributions are projected to be sufficient to cover expected benefit payments and administrative expenses for current plan members. Projections of the plan's fiduciary net position incorporate all cash flows for contributions from the employer and employee and administrative expenses. Professional judgment should be applied to the projections of contributions in circumstances where (a) contribution amounts are established by statute or contract or (b) a formal written policy exists. Consideration should also be given to the most recent five-year contribution history as key indicators of future contributions. It should not include cash flows for future plan members.

# NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

# NOTE 9 - PENSION PLAN - Continued

General Information About the Pension Plan: - Continued

### **Discount Rate - Continued**

If the amount of the plan's fiduciary net position is projected to be greater than or equal to the benefit payments and administrative expenses made in that period, the actuarial present value of payments should be discounted using the long-term expected rate of return on those investments. A 20 year, high quality (AA/Aa or higher), tax-exempt municipal bond yield or index rate must be used to discount benefit payments for periods where the fiduciary net position is not projected to cover expected benefit payments and administrative expenses.

Plans that are projected to have sufficient fiduciary net position indefinitely will use the long-term expected return on investments to determine liabilities but will have to substantiate their projected solvency. GASB permits alternative methods to evaluate the sufficiency of the plan's net fiduciary position. Based on the plan's current net pension liability and current contribution policy, the plan's projected fiduciary net position will be sufficient to cover projected benefit payments and administrative expenses indefinitely. Therefore, since the fund is not projected to run out of money, the actuary used the 6.50% interest rate assumption to discount plan liabilities.

# Changes in the Net Pension Liability

	T-4-I Di	Plan Fiduciary	Nat Danaia
	Total Pension Liability (a)	Net Position (b)	Net Pension Liability (a)-(b)
Balances as of June 30, 2019	\$4,569,722	\$3,076,105	\$1,493,617
Changes for the Year:			
Service Cost	103,862		103,862
Interest	299,945		299,945
Differences between expected and actual			
Experience			
Changes of Assumptions			
Contributions – Employer		241,400	(241,400)
Contributions – Member			
Net Investment Income		95,527	(95,527)
Benefit payments, including refunds of			
member contributions	(119,973)	(119,973)	
Administrative Expense			
Other			
Net Changes	<u>283,834</u>	<u>216,954</u>	<u>66,880</u>
Balances as of June 30, 2020	<u>\$4,853,556</u>	\$3,293,059	<u>\$1,560,497</u>

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following presents the net pension liability of the District, calculated using the discount rate of 6.50%, as well as what the District's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.50%) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.50%) than the current rate:

# NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

# NOTE 9 - PENSION PLAN - Continued

General Information About the Pension Plan: - Continued

# **Changes in the Net Pension Liability - Continued**

	1% Decrease (5.50%)	Current Discount Rate (6.50%)	1% Increase (7.50%)
Net pension liability as of June 30, 2020	\$2,061,555	\$1,560,497	\$1,136,170

# Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the recognized pension expense is \$290,813. As of June 30, 2020, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions are reported as follows:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$181,430	\$(111,800)
Changes of assumptions	147,203	-0-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	94,694	0-
Total	\$423,32 <u>7</u>	<u>\$(111,800)</u>

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in the pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30:	
2021	\$ 95,212
2022	110,147
2023	78,514
2024	25,406
2025	2,248
Thereafter	-0-

Payable to the Pension Plan – At June 30, 2020, the District reported a payable of \$1,560,497 for the outstanding amount of contributions to the pension plan required for the year ended June 30, 2020.

# NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

# NOTE 10 - POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSION BENEFITS (OPEB)

# General Information About the OPEB Plan

Plan Description – The District's defined benefit OPEB plan, the Third Taxing District of Norwalk, Connecticut Retirees Benefit Plan is a single employer defined benefit OPEB Plan administered by the District's Commissioners who have the authority to amend the Plan. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement 75.

### Benefits Provided

The District provides post-retirement health care benefits for substantially all of its electrical department full-time employees upon reaching retirement or early retirement age (as defined in the Pension Plan document). The plan is closed to new entrants as of July 1, 2019. They are entitled to employer paid health benefits throughout retirement until death, at a benefit level equivalent to that which was in effect at the employee's time of retirement. When the retiree becomes eligible for Medicare the employer's obligation shall be limited to providing coverage for the difference between Medicare benefits and the benefits in effect at the employee's date of retirement. The employer's obligation to furnish retiree health benefits shall cease upon death of the retired employee.

The District currently funds post employment retirement benefits on a pay as you go basis. As of June 30, 2020, a trust fund has not been implemented to irrevocably separate assets to fund the liability associated with post employment benefits which will require the reporting of a trust fund in accordance with GASB Guidelines. The following is the current census of the District's benefit participants as of July 1, 2019:

Active Plan Members	9
Inactive Plan Members or Beneficiaries Currently Receiving Benefits	0
Inactive Plan Members Entitled to but Not Yet Receiving Benefits	5
Total	<u>14</u>

The OPEB Expense for the year ended June 30, 2020 was \$501,866.

### **Total OPEB Liabilities**

The District's total OPEB Liability of \$6,270,773 was measured as of June 30, 2020 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

	Total OPEB Liability
Balance as of June 30, 2019	\$6,021,144
Changes for the Year:	
Service Cost	288,817
Interest	218,744
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience	(1,509,657)
Changes of Benefit Terms	-0-
Changes of Assumptions	1,408,930
Benefit Payments	( 157,205)
Net Changes	<u>249,629</u>
Balance as of June 30, 2020	\$6,270,773

# NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

# NOTE 10 - POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSION BENEFITS - Continued

# Changes in the Total OPEB Liability - Continued

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (1.21) or 1-percentage-point higher (3.21%) than the current discount rate:

	Current Discount Rate (2.21%)	1% Decrease (1.21%)	1% Increase (3.21%)
Total OPEB Liability as of June 30, 2020	\$6,270,773	\$7,334,695	\$5,405,498

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates. The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1- percentage-point lower (5.5% decreasing to 3.6%) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.5% decreasing to 5.6%) than the current healthcare cost trend rate:

	Healthcare Cost Trend Rates (6.50% decreasing to 4.60%))	1% Decrease (5.50% decreasing to 3.60%)	1% Increase (7.50% decreasing to 5.60%)
Total OPEB Liability as of June 30, 2020	\$6,270,773	\$5,235,219	\$7,619,128

# OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the recognized OPEB expense is \$501,866. As of June 30, 2020, deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB are reported as follows:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience	\$ -0-	\$(1,324,534)
Changes of Assumptions	1,397,560	( 89,880)
Total	\$1,397,560	\$(1,414,414)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in the OPEB expense as follows:

# NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

# NOTE 10 - POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSION BENEFITS - Continued

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability - Continued

Year Ended June 30,	
2021	\$( 5,695)
2022	( 967)
2023	36,087
2024	(13,612)
2025	(13,612)
Thereafter	(19,055)

Description of Significant Changes Prior to Year End

There were no significant plan changes since the last published valuation.

Valuation Date and Roll Forward Process

The July 1, 2019 Actuarial Valuation directly calculated the July 1, 2019 Total OPEB Liability (TOL). The July 1, 2019 TOL was increased by service cost and interest and decreased by benefit payments to estimate the TOL as of June 30, 2020. The TOL as of June 30, 2020 was also adjusted to reflect any material plan changes after the valuation, if applicable.

Funding Policy

The Plan Sponsor's funding policy is to contribute the employer portion of retiree benefit payments annually.

Assumption Selection

The selections of all assumptions used in determining the total OPEB liability were made in conformity with Actuarial Standards of Practice issued by the Actuarial Standards Board.

The actuarial assumptions used in the valuation were based on standard tables modified for certain plan features such as eligibility for full and early retirement where applicable and input from the Plan Sponsor. The plan does not have credible data on which to perform an experience study. As a result, a full actuarial experience study is not applicable.

Description of Actuarial Methods.

# **Asset Valuation Method**

Not applicable (unfunded plan).

# **Actuarial Cost Method**

Entry Age Normal Actuarial Cost Method (level percentage of salary).

# NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

# NOTE 10 - POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSION BENEFITS - Continued

Normal Cost: Under this method, the normal cost is the sum of amounts necessary to fund each active member's normal retirement benefit if paid annually from entry age to assumed retirement age. Entry age is the age at which the employee would have been first eligible for the plan, if it had always been in effect. The normal cost for each participant is expected to remain a level percentage of the employee's salary. The normal cost for the plan is the difference between the total normal cost for the year and the anticipated member contributions for that year.

<u>Past Service Liability:</u> The present value of future benefits that relates to service before the valuation date is the total past service liability.

Description of Actuarial Assumptions

# Changes in Actuarial Assumptions as of July 1, 2019

The valuation reflects changes in the actuarial assumptions listed below. (The assumptions used before and after these changes are more fully described in the next section).

- Interest
- Mortality
- Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The assumptions indicated were changed to represent the Enrolled Actuary's current best estimate of anticipated experience of the plan.

### Interest

2.21% (Prior: 3.51%)

Since the OPEB plan is not funded, the selection of the discount rate is consistent with the GASB 74/75 standards linking the discount rate to the 20 year AA municipal bond index for unfunded OPEB plans. The discount rate used for this valuation is equal to the published Bond Buyer GO 20-Bond Municipal Index effective as of June 30, 2020.

# Rate of Compensation Increase (Including Inflation)

2.60%.

The plan does not have statistically credible data on which to form a rate of compensation increase assumption. The assumption is based on historical national wage increases and input from the District regarding future expectations.

# NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

# NOTE 10 - POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSION BENEFITS - Continued

### Inflation

2.60%.

The assumption is consistent with the Social Security Administration's current best estimate of the ultimate long-term (75-year horizon) annual percentage increase in CPI, as published in the 2019 OASDI Trustees Report.

# Mortality

Pub-10 Public Retirement Plans Mortality Tables for general employees, for non-annuitants and annuitants, projected to the valuation date with Scale MP-2019.

(Prior: RP-2014 Adjusted to 2006 Total Dataset Mortality Table projected to valuation date with Scale MP-2017).

# **Mortality Improvement**

Projected to date of decrement using Scale MP-2019 (generational).

(Prior: Projected to date of decrement using Scale MP-2017 (generational)).

We have selected this mortality assumption because it is based on the latest published pension mortality study released by the Society of Actuaries. The change in mortality rates and mortality improvement increased liabilities by 3.5%.

# Retirement

The assumed rates of retirement are as follows:

Age	Rate
<62	0%
62-64	10%
65-69	20%
70-74	15%
75	100%

The actuarial assumption in regards to rates of retirement shown above, are based on the rates used by the State of Connecticut Municipal Employee Retirement System actuaries.

# NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

# NOTE 10 - POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSION BENEFITS - Continued

### **Termination Prior to Retirement**

Sample Withdrawal rates:

		Years of	Service	
Age	0	1	2	>=3
<=19	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
20	14.90%	12.50%	10.50%	9.30%
25	13.90%	11.25%	9.25%	6.80%
30	12.90%	10.00%	8.00%	5.05%
35	11.90%	8.90%	6.90%	3.95%
40	10.90%	7.90%	5.90%	3.25%
45	9.90%	7.05%	5.05%	2.75%
50	8.90%	6.30%	4.30%	2.25%
>=55	8.00%	5.00%	3.50%	1.75%

The actuarial assumption in regards to rates of withdrawal shown above, are based on standard tables modified for certain plan features such as eligibility for full and early retirement where applicable and input from the Plan Sponsor. The plan does not have sufficiently credible data on which to perform an experience study.

# Utilization

100% of current active members will elect medical coverage at retirement. 100% of pre-65 retirees will continue coverage after age 65.

# **Medical Eligibility**

All participants are assumed to be Medicare Eligible.

# **Spousal Coverage**

70% of active members are assumed to be married and elect spousal benefits at retirement with wives 3 years younger than husbands.

### **Healthcare Cost Trend Rates**

6.5% in 2019, reducing by 0.25% each year to an ultimate rate of 4.6% per year rate for 2027 and later. (Prior: 7.5 in 2017, reducing by 0.5% each year to an ultimate rate of 4.6% per year rate for 2023 and later.

Dental is assumed to increase by 4.6% per year.

Healthcare cost trend rates reflect both the current and long-term outlook for increases in healthcare costs. The short-term rates are based on recent industry surveys, plan experience and near-term expectations. The long-term trend rate is based on general inflation assumption plus an adjustment to reflect expectations for long-term medical inflation

# NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

# NOTE 10 - POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSION BENEFITS - Continued

### Healthcare Cost Trend Rates - Continued

The trend rates were changed to align with the inflation assumption change and better reflect actual experience. The change in medical trend rates increased liabilities by 2.6%.

### **Premiums**

Premiums were used as the basis for per capita costs. We used December 2018 Anthem premiums trended to July 2019.

### Pre 65 Medical:

Sample rates are as follows:

25	\$ 479.83
35	584.00
45	690.08
55	1,065.67
65	1,433.75

Post 65 Medical: \$1,273.61

Dental/Vision: (Self funded)

Single	Employee and Spouse
\$127	\$254

# Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act (PPACA)

The High Cost Plan Excise Tax ("Cadillac Tax") was repealed as part of the 2020 Further Consolidated Appropriations Act, which was signed in December 2020. The effect of repealing this tax reduced liabilities by 11.4%.

# Summary of Plan Provisions

This exhibit summarizes the major provisions of the Plan. It is not intended to be, nor should it be interpreted as a complete statement of all plan provisions. To the extent that this summary does not accurately reflect the plan provisions, then the results of this valuation may not be accurate.

# Plan Identification

Single-employer OPEB plan.

# NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

# NOTE 10 - POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSION BENEFITS - Continued

### **Retiree Medical Benefits**

# **Eligibility**

Eligibility is age 55 with 10 years of service for medical coverage at retirement. In addition, employees hired after July 1, 2019 are not eligible for retiree medical. In addition, there are two active employees who have opted out of TTD medical benefits and have been excluded from the valuation.

# Coverage

Pre-65 and Post-65 medical, Rx, Dental and Vision.

### Retiree Contribution

Pre-65: Retirees and spouses contribute the same premium contribution percentage as active employees, frozen at the percentage in effect on the employee's retirement date (12% for 2019, 12.5% for 2020 and 13% for 2021 and later).

Post-65: Retirees and spouses pay nothing toward the cost of coverage.

### Spousal Coverage

Spouses are covered for the retiree's lifetime.

# **NOTE 11 - COMMITMENT AND CONTINGENCIES**

# **Operating Leases**

The District is obligated under non-cancelable operating leases for certain office and transportation equipment. These lease commitments exist through June 30, 2023. Future minimum rental payments required under the non-cancelable operating leases are as follows:

2021	\$13,526
2022	11,660
2023	3,571
Thereafter	-0-

Rent expense included in operations relating to the non-cancelable operating leases amounted to \$28,336 for the year ended June 30, 2020.

# CMEEC:

The Electric Department entered into a "Power Sales Contract for the Supply of Electric Power and Energy" (Power Contract) with the Connecticut Municipal Electric Energy Cooperative (CMEEC) its present energy supplier. Pursuant to this contract the Electric Department has covenanted to maintain electric rates that, together with other sources of revenue, will provide sufficient revenues to meet its payment obligation to CMEEC under the Power Contract.

# NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

# NOTE 11 - COMMITMENT AND CONTINGENCIES - Continued

CMEEC: - Continued

Payments to CMEEC under the Power Contract may not be subordinated to any other obligation of the Electric Department.

The Power Contract was amended and restated as of January 1, 2000 resulting in rate stabilization monies, which were collected from the Electric Department and other CMEEC members in conjunction with the purchase of energy, to be apportioned to the individual purchasers of energy including the Electric Department. These funds are the Rate Stabilization Fund, the Economic Development Fund, and the Energy Efficiency and Environmental Stewardship Fund. CMEEC's bonded debt that was incurred to provide power supply for its members was also apportioned among its members.

### Rate Stabilization Fund:

The Electric Department has rate stabilization funds held by CMEEC. Electric's balances of rate stabilization funds held by CMEEC was \$1,723,689 held in a trust account and \$3,733,606 held in a non-trust account at June 30, 2020.

# Conservation and Load Management Fund

For the year ended June 30, 2005, a Conservation and Load Management Fund was created. The fund may be utilized by the District for investment in renewable energy sources and for conservation and load management programs so as to result in cost reductions for the District and its consumers. As the fund is unrestricted, the District has included the \$142,032 balance on their balance sheet at June 30, 2020.

### **Economic Development Fund**

The Electric Department also has on deposit at CMEEC an Economic Development Fund. Pursuant to Resolution 92-6 adopted by the CMEEC Board of Directors on January 23, 1992 this fund is for the stated purpose of assisting Member System activities which promote economic development and which help maintain the competitive standing of the Members' electric utility systems. The Electric Department expended \$0 of Economic Development Funds for the year ended June 30, 2020. The unrestricted balance available to the District at June 30, 2020 was \$155,170.

# Renewable Resource Investment Fund

The Electric Department also has on deposit at CMEEC a Renewable Resource Investment Fund. Pursuant to Resolution 08-04 adopted by the CMEEC Board of Directors on February 28, 2008, this Fund is for the stated purpose of assisting member system activities which promote energy conservation. The amount in the account as of June 30, 2020 was \$6,152.

The monies in the rate stabilization fund as of June 30, 2020 totaling \$5,457,295 have been recorded as a restricted asset and, a deferred revenue in the accompanying proprietary fund balance sheet. The monies in the economic development fund, the conservation and load management fund and the renewable resource investment fund have been recorded as unrestricted cash in the accompanying proprietary fund balance sheet.

# NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

# NOTE 11 - COMMITMENT AND CONTINGENCIES - Continued

### Renewable Resource Investment Fund - Continued

As a member of CMEEC, the Electric Department is responsible for their pro-rata share of CMEEC's shares of certain costs that may exceed reserves and/or insurance coverages. These costs and the impact on operations are unknown. The electrical department also has guaranteed a portion of CMEEC's bonded debt. The amount of debt guaranteed by the District as of June 30, 2020 was \$3,270,529 Electric's net obligation (bonded debt less Electric's share of the rate stabilization fund) is \$(2,186,766) at June 30, 2020.

### Norden Park Generation

The Third Taxing District's agreement with ISO New England, to provide capacity from the District's three 2 MW diesel generators located at Norden Park, expired on May 30, 2008. In order to obtain continuing income from these generators the District's Commission authorized installation of required state of the art pollution control equipment on the generators at a cost of \$900,000. The equipment was installed and the generators were bid into the ISO Locational Forward Reserve Market (LFRM) on June 1, 2008 with expected revenue of \$84,000 per month. Almost immediately a dispute arose with Connecticut Light & Power (CL&P), who is the reporting party to ISO, over the amount of capacity being delivered to ISO. As a result, anticipated revenues were not realized and penalties were assessed by the ISO. The generators were removed from the market on September 1, 2008 and following an agreement with Connecticut Light & Power on February 18, 2009 were returned to the market on March 1, 2009. The February 18th Third Amendment to the Interconnection Agreement provides for the generators to operate until May 31, 2012. Before that time the Third Taxing District must petition the DPUC and receive approval to operate in the existing mode or must reconnect the generators at a capital cost of \$1.2 million. As a condition of the agreement the Third Taxing District must pay up to \$280,000 for switchgear needed by CL&P and must secure an easement and construct certain facilities needed by CL&P. The District has paid said amount and obtained the necessary easement. This Third Amendment was revised and restated on September 1, 2010 and provides among other things that: 1) the generators may operate until one year after the final decision by the DPUC on the method of interconnecting the generators; and 2) provided a favorable ruling is issued by the DPUC the District will pay CL&P up to an additional \$96,000. On June 1, 2010, the LFRM market revenue dropped to \$54,000 per month and on October 1, 2010, the revenue decreased to \$9,120 per month.

The DPUC approval was ordered on January 6, 2011 giving the generators the authority to operate for the duration of the interconnection agreement.

For the twelve month period ending June 30, 2020, revenues related to the operation of the Norden units was \$530,104.

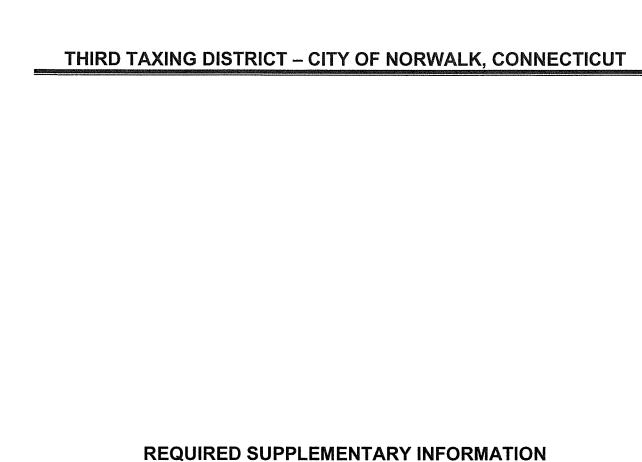
The short term outlook (6-12 months) for the LFRM market in New England is expected to be fairly stable, depending on weather conditions and load growth. In response, the District continues to take an aggressive approach with maintenance and testing of the Norden Generators and has increased their operating efficiency in conjunction with CMEEC's Portfolio management staff. The Norden Lease expired on December 31, 2014. The District continues to operate the generators in cooperation with the owners of the property on a month to month basis.

# NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

# NOTE 11 - COMMITMENT AND CONTINGENCIES - Continued

# **COVID-19 Pandemic**

The COVID-19 outbreak in the United States has caused business and government disruption through mandated and voluntary closings of businesses and government offices. While the Third Taxing District of the City of Norwalk, Connecticut did not have any disruptions in services, the related financial impact which could be caused by the COVID-19 outbreak cannot be estimated at this time.



THIRD TAXING DISTRICT - CITY OF NORWALK, CONNECTICUT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS LAST SEVEN FISCAL YEARS

Total Pension Liability	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Service Cost	\$ 103,862	\$ 117,061	\$ 114,094	\$ 97,976	\$ 106,578	\$ 103,474	\$ 100,460
Interest	299,945	301,842	283,299	233,234	220,494	223,981	209,673
Changes of Benefit Terms	•	•	1	•	•	•	ı
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience	ı	(160,410)	•	460,550	ı	(227,606)	•
Changes of Assumptions	•	185,134	s	46,127	4	(23,527)	4
Benefit Payments Including Refunds of Member Contributions	(119,973)	(135,458)	(135,458)	(142,046)	(131,052)	(127,497)	(90,620)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	283,834	308,169	261,935	695,841	196,020	(51,175)	219,513
Total Pension Liability - Beginning	4,569,722	4,261,553	3,999,618	3,303,777	3,107,757	3,158,932	2,939,419
Total Pension Liability - Ending: (a)	\$ 4,853,556	\$ 4,569,722	\$ 4,261,553	\$ 3,999,618	\$ 3,303,777	\$ 3,107,757	\$ 3,158,932
Plan Fiduciary Net Position							
Contributions - Employer	\$ 241,400	\$ 236,539	\$ 233,500	\$ 162,336	\$ 150,000	\$ 98,679	\$ 98,679
Contributions - Member	•			ŀ	•	•	ŧ
Net Investment Income	95,527	164,959	176,384	235,472	(25,625)	58,913	248,106
Benefit Payments Including Refunds of Member Contributions	(119,973)	(135,458)	(135,458)	(142,046)	(131,052)	(127,497)	(90,620)
Administrative Expenses	ľ	•	(3,883)	(7,136)	(8,583)	•	•
Other	•	•	•	1	,	•	•
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	216,954	266,040	270,543	248,626	(15,260)	30,095	256,165
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning	3,076,105	2,810,065	2,539,522	2,290,896	2,306,156	2,276,061	2,019,896
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending: (b)	\$ 3,293,059	\$ 3,076,105	\$ 2,810,065	\$ 2,539,522	\$ 2,290,896	\$ 2,306,156	\$ 2,276,061
Net Pension Liability - Ending: (a)-(b)	\$ 1,560,497	\$ 1,493,617	\$ 1,451,488	\$ 1,460,096	\$ 1,012,881	\$ 801,601	\$ 882,871
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	67.85%	67.31%	65.94%	63.49%	69.34%	74.21%	72.05%
Covered-Employee Payroll	\$ 934,236	\$ 910,561	\$ 894,917	\$ 872,239	\$ 732,401	\$ 711,069	\$ 724,371
Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll	167.03%	164.03%	162.19%	167.40%	138.30%	112.73%	121.88%

Until a 10-year trend is compiled, this schedule will present information for those years for which information is available.

THIRD TAXING DISTRICT - CITY OF NORWALK, CONNECTICUT REQUIRED SUPPLMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY LAST EIGHT FISCAL YEARS

	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Total Pension Liability	\$ 4,853,556 \$ 4	4,569,722 \$	,569,722 \$ 4,261,553 \$	3,999,618 \$	3,303,777 \$	3,107,757	3,303,777 \$ 3,107,757 \$ 3,158,932 \$	2,939,419
Plan Fiduciary Net Position	3,293,059	3,076,105	2,810,065	2,539,522	2,290,896	2,306,156	2,276,061	2,019,896
Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$ 1,560,497 \$ 1,	1,493,617 \$	493,617     \$ 1,451,488     \$ 1,460,096     \$ 1,012,881     \$ 801,601     \$ 882,871     \$ 919,523	1,460,096 \$	1,012,881	801,601	\$ 882,871	919,523
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as Persentage of Total Pension Liability	67.85%	67.31%	65.94%	63.49%	69.34%	74.21%	72.05%	68.72%
Covered-Employee Payroll	934,236	910,561	894,917	872,239	732,401	711,069	724,371	703,273
Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll	167.03%	164.03%	162.19%	167.40%	138.30%	112.73%	121.88%	130.75%

Until a 10-year trend is compiled, this schedule will present information for those years for which information is available.

# THIRD TAXING DISTRICT - CITY OF NORWALK, CONNECTICUT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS - PENSION TRUST FUND LAST SEVEN FISCAL YEARS

•	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	
Actuarially Determined Employer Contribution (ADEC)	\$ 241,349	\$ 236,539	\$ 233,469	\$ 162,328	\$ 159,351	\$ 148,809	\$ 145,690	
Contributions in Relation to the Actuarially Determined Contribution	241,400	236,539	233,500	162,336	150,000	98,679	98,679	
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ (51)	ا چ	\$ (31)	(8)	\$ 9,351	\$ 50,130	\$ 47,011	
Covered-Employee Payroll	\$ 934,236	\$ 910,561	\$ 894,917	\$ 872,239	\$ 732,401	\$ 711,069 \$ 724,371	\$ 724,371	
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll	25.84%	25.98%	26.09%	18.61%	20.48%	13.88%	13.62%	

# Notes to Schedule

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of June 30, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Entry age normal	Level Percentage of Payroll, Closed	20 Years	Market Value	2.60% plus a service based scale ranging	from 0-1.5% based on years of service	6.5%, net of pension plan investment and administrative expenses.	Age 65 and 10 years of continuous service	RP-2014 Adjusteed to 2006 Total Dataset Mortality Table	projected to valuation date with Scale MP-2018.
Actuarial Cost Method	Amortization Method	Remaining Amortization Period	Asset Valuation Method	Salary Increases		Investment Rate of Return	Retirement Age	Mortality	

Prior: RP2014 Adjusted to 2006 Total Dataset Mortality Table projected to valuation date with Scale MP-2016.

Until a 10-year trend is compiled, this schedule will present information for those years for which information is available.

# THIRD TAXING DISTRICT - CITY OF NORWALK, CONNECTICUT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT RETURNS - PENSION TRUST FUND LAST SEVEN FISCAL YEARS

Year Ended	Annual Money-Weighted Rate of Return, Net of
June 30,	<u>Investment Expense</u>
2014	12.26%
2015	2.60%
2016	-1.11%
2017	10.25%
2018	6.86%
2019	5.78%
2020	3.05%

Until a 10-year trend is compiled, this schedule will present information for those years for which information is available.

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# THIRD TAXING DISTRICT - CITY OF NORWALK, CONNECTICUT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS LAST 3 FISCAL YEARS

Total OPEB Liability		2020		2019	2018	
Service Cost		288,817	\$	248,950	\$	259,656
Interest		218,744		217,607		199,822
Changes of Benefit Terms		0		0		0
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience		(1,509,657)		(31,909)		0
Changes of Assumptions		1,408,930		302,492		(231,792)
Benefit Payments		(157,205)	*******	(178,274)		(173,216)
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability		249,629		558,866		54,470
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning		6,021,144		5,462,278	****	5,407,808
Total OPEB Liability - Ending		6,270,773	\$	6,021,144	\$	5,462,278
Covered payroll		852,056	\$	933,066	\$	909,421
Total OPEB Liability as a % of Covered Payroll		735.96%		645.31%		600.63%

See Footnote 10 for changes in benefit terms and changes in plan assumptions.

Until a 10-year trend is compiled, this schedule will present information for those years for which information is available.

# THIRD TAXING DISTRICT - CITY OF NORWALK, CONNECTICUT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY LAST 3 FISCAL YEARS

		2020	2019	_	2018
Balance as of June 30,	\$	6,021,144	\$ 5,462,278	\$_	5,407,808
Changes for the Year:					
Service Cost		288,817	248,950		259,656
Interest		218,744	217,607		199,822
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience		(1,509,657)	(31,909)		-
Changes of Benefit Terms		-	-		-
Changes of Assumptions		1,408,930	302,492		(231,792)
Benefit Payments		(157,205)	(178,274)	-	(173,216)
Net Changes		249,629	558,866	_	54,470
Balance as of June 30, 2020	\$	6,270,773	\$ 6,021,144	\$_	5,462,278

Until a 10-year trend is compiled, this schedule will present information for those years for which information is available.

SUPPLEMENTARY COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND SCHEDULES

THIRD TAXING DISTRICT - CITY OF NORWALK, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF UTILITY PLANT JUNE 30, 2020

Net Book	June 30, 2020	34,300	1,313	1,487,395 18,500 3,877 85,161 1,186,089	69,287 7,154,858	271,454 324,944 80,301 340,307	357,059 330,827 186,313 8,740	1	12,959,483
	3	<del>69</del>	€9	<b>~ ~ ~ ~ ~</b>	<i>₩</i> ₩ ₩	<del>\$\$</del> \$\$	<i>•</i> •• •• ••	1	ا <del>رم</del> اا
	Balance June 30, 2020	•	2,885,507	- 75,413 65,144 160,146 416,728	299,344 2,213,813 18,368	358,194 284,207 220,058	255,260 463,197 217,387 331,029	360,964 154,864 565,079 1,504 56,035 5,198 21,628	9,589,198
	a m	₩.	₩.	• • • • <del>•</del>	<b>6</b> 69 69		*****		æ
eciation	Retirements	1		1 1 1 1	1 1	(10,000) (5,000)	(23,876) (3,000) (10,218)	(31,551)	(91,548)
Depre	Ret	₩							နှ
Accumulated Depreciation	Additions	1	1,314	1,121 196 3,840 64,112	7,204 374,747	25,187 21,188 5,220	10,883 24,492 43,004 39,735 2,913	51,715 1,867 81,760 2,978 182 5,757 5,634	775,049
Ř	Ā	€						i	မှ
	Balance July 1, 2019	•	2,884,193	- 74,292 64,948 156,306 352,616	292,140 1,839,066 18,368	343,007 268,019 214,838	77,811 254,644 423,193 177,652 338,334		8,905,697
	اد	₩							_   •••
	Balance June 30, 2020	34,300	2,886,820	1,487,395 93,913 69,021 245,307 1,602,817	368,631 9,368,671 18,370	629,648 609,151 300,359	438,001 612,319 794,024 403,700 339,769	1,085,293 156,415 788,842 1,504 83,907 7,447 29,280	22,548,681
	rements	•	•		, ,	(10,000) (5,000)	(23,876) (3,000) (10,218)	(31,551)	(91,548) \$
Jtility Plant	Reti	↔							8
Utility	Additions		1	1 1 1	- 968,338	18,321 11,311	1,630 43,973 20,084 102 11,653	18,447 216,030 - - - 2,701	1,012,590
		€	_		- ~ ~		- 0084	99 7 7 7 9 9 9	8
	Balance Inly 1 2019	34,300	2,886,820	1,487,395 93,913 69,021 245,307 1,602,817	368,631 8,700,333	621,327 621,327 602,840 300,359	436,371 592,222 776,940 403,598 338,334	1,074,749 156,415 604,363 1,504 83,907 7,447 29,280 91,076	21,627,639
		€							છ
		Intangible Assets Franchise and Consents	Generation Generators	Transmission Plant Land and Land Rights Structures & Improvements Underground Conduit Underground Conductors Cervalis Data Center Facilities	Distribution Plant Structures and Improvements Substation Equipment	Generator Poles, Towers & Equipment Overhead Conductors Underground Conduit	Underground Conductors Underground Conductors Line Transformers Meters Street Lights & Signals Computer Software	General Plant Structures & Improvements Structures & Equipment Transportation Equipment Stores Equipment Tools, Shop & Yard Equipment Laboratory Equipment Communications Equipment Miscellaneous Equipment	TOTAL UTILITY PLANT

# THIRD TAXING DISTRICT - CITY OF NORWALK, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF VARIOUS OPERATING EXPENSES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

		ectrical partment
Distribution Substation Payroll Overhead and Underground Lines Street Lights and Signal Systems	\$	154,118 56,439 - -
Meters		-
ISO Load Shed Program		152,844
Miscellaneous Total Distribution	\$	363,401
Maintenance Station Equipment	\$	4,624 14,758
Overhead Lines Line Transformers Street Lights and Signal Systems		- -
Underground Lines Meters Payroll		5,143 441,034 29,607
Miscellaneous Total Maintenance	\$	495,166
Customer Service Meter Reading	\$	124,311
Customer Records and Collections		273,462
Bad Debt Expense Total Customer Service	\$	397,773
Administration	\$	517,817
Administrative Salaries	•	47,177
General Expense Property and Casualty Insurance		237,720
Workmen's Compensation Insurance		17,790 13,115
Disability Insurance		32,825
Office Expense		218,944
Outside Services		1,203,488
Pension and Employee Benefits		39,380
Promotions  Trucks and Auto		29,882
Company Trucks and Auto Regulatory Expense		13,530
Total Administration	\$	2,371,668

# THIRD TAXING DISTRICT - CITY OF NORWALK, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF VARIOUS ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

TOR THE TEAR ENDED CORE CO, 2010	Electric Departm	Electrical Department		
Outside Services Computer System Analyst and Programming Legal Fees (General) Financial Audit Fees Accounting Services Pension Plan Actuarial and Legal Fees Labor Law Attorneys Repairs and Maintenance Miscellaneous Engineering Total Outside Services	\$	49,846 15,182 22,500 33,761 19,675 212 38,313 22,443 17,012 218,944		
Pension and Employee Benefits OPEB Expense Employee Health and Disability Programs Pension Expense Payroll Taxes Total Pension and Employee Benefits	\$	501,866 314,850 290,813 95,959 1,203,488		
General Expenses Travel and Lodging Seminars and Training Miscellaneous Total General Expenses	\$	7,217 6,598 33,362 47,177		